leut Reportory, Ant. tart. is indicated where there is aggravation in ophthalmia, and the remedy was an exact simillinum. Nyphlinum man", with above result. No doubt the case was one of syphilitie tion, in London, last summer, Dr. R. N. Fester, of this city, reof aggravation under this remody. At the International Convenwaning of day to the coming of day I have thought was the time symptoms so indicative of this remedy that afterwards appeared? of Dr. Berridge's case, especially the most prominent and important nerve is involved; that this remedy covers so many of the symptoms most potent remedies wherever and whenever the pneumogastric the afternoon, evening and night. In the Unilling Symptoms may not diminish until daybreak, Colch." According to this same excelshould not be given for that symptom alone. On page 292 of 2 to 5 A. M.—After other remedies failed, be gave a dose of Syphilismence the case with, and if it would not have prevented many things, if Ant. tart. would not have been the best remedy to comone of all, one may be pardoned for asking, after considering all than toothache. Add to this the fact that Ant. fart is one of our all night." This indication will be found valuable in other troubles be found, "Considerable aggravation toward evening, continuing is not the only remedy that has aggravation through the night, and ported the cure of a case in which the time of aggravation was from Lippe's Repertory is, "Pains are aggravated in the evening and do

CLINICAL REFLECTIONS

Ав. Lippe, M. D., Рицавелена.

suddenly attacked on the 30th of April, at 6 r. m., with what he thirst, but when he drank he was so nauseated that he had to vomit, hausted, but could not stay in the same position for a minute; great room to the other, then attempted to sit down, because he was ex could neither sit still or lie down, walked about from one end of the hepatic colic. He was crying out with the pain, was very restless, me to call on him. I found him at 9 r. M., suffering intensely from doses of Nux vonica, but steadily becoming much worse requested thought was pains in the abdomen from indigestion; he took several Mr. II., age 68 years, a high liver, subject to attacks of gout, was

> well, and has taken no medicine since I administered this one single stools became normal and the almost black urine which he had on the ninth day after his first very severe uttack, the last ending dose of Inscriming passed in small quantities became also normal. He remains perfectly in vomiting a great quantity of bile. The formerly clay-colored ather (F.). The pain increased for about five minutes and then day he had a slight attack of pain, and another still slighter attack plained only of great soreness in the hepatic region. On the third I called next morning he had enjoyed a good breakfast, and conhalf an hour he fell askeep and passed a comfortable night. When hot water cloths were then applied to the hepatic region; in another gradually became less; in half an hour he was able to lie down, and ble pain would soon kill him. He received one dose of Arseniena showed great anxiety, and he expressed his conviction that this terriand after throwing up the water, he vomited bile. His countenance

plicitly follow the strict rules laid down by the founder of MEDIA

Digitized by HOMOOPATHIE still astonish us, even after witnessing them daily, as we do if we inthe sick organism is incomprehensible to our senses. These results ing, because the process by which such an infinitesimal dose acts on ing up of the countenance, bringing a more cheerful expression to highly potentized drug was all-sufficient to cure the sick. Astonishhis face. The result was "astonishing." The single dose of a to the case. The first indications of its curative action was a clearone position to another; the great thirst and the immediate vomitness driving him in utter despair and with great lamentations, from that there could not be the slighest doubt as to its homeopathicity ing after drinking, were such characteristic symptoms of the remody very expression of his countenance called for it, the intense restlessgreat similarity of Accenicum to the condition of the sufferer. The under these circumstances, have failed, at once, to recognize the Art and with the principles guiding us in our therapeuties, could, sclees, the enadire renedy" and who, conversant with our Healingarise was, " what is in this case and for the symptoms presenting them-"help." As a homosopathist, the only question that could possibly to help him, he did not ask for Morphia or Laudanum but for case; it was a clear case of hepatic colic. The patient implored me cases. In the case above related, no doubt could exist as to the dispathie physicians, teaches us that we must treat individuals, not dis-Comments: Honneopathy, sustained by modern progressive allo-

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school, in his Organon of the Henling-Art; and what wonder if these frequently recurring confirmations of the great truths taught by men who desire to pervert, uny even attempt to misrepresent his Halinemann make us scorn the substitutes offered by thoughtless witnessed by the strict adherents to our school, it is their own fault. teachings. If these men do not reach the same results, daily which law they profess to believe, lend us back into fallacious hypoterm, a more scientific application of the Law of the Similars, in find a remedy which is known to cause symptoms similar to the theses, lead us to first scientifically diagnosticate a case and then There are men who desire to lead us back again into, what they pathological condition found on the sick. In the case above related cured that disease, under certain circumstances, but to draw the dehave in turn proclaimed Arnica and China or Lycopodium specifics they would be guided by the testimony of very learned men, who duction from just one or even more cures that that remedy will cure for hepatic colic. No doubt one or the other of these remedies have must prescribe for the individual and not for a disease; forgot that attempted to prescribe for a form of a disease and forgot that he all such cases is a fullacy, and the fullacy began when the healer rior allopathy or eclecticism. Still there are others more consurable, resort to eclectic treatment at once, who would not for the world be homosopuths (as they have the effrontery to call themselves) who he pretends to practice Homwopathy and then blundered into infocase, who would not be guilty of trifling with people's lives in that and, therefore, at once pull out their hypodermic syringe and their way, but that they, more learned, will at once act like hunanitarians found guilty of administering an influitesimal dose in so grave a tions, cease to have pain because he has ceased to live, then the and if the patient, after a few repetitions of such brainless applicahomocopaths, always carry in their pockets. They administer it, precious solution of Morphia which they, though calling themselves sufferer had been done by men who are liberal, not bigoted humanitarian boldly declares that all that science could do for the or should know that they are spotted and despised both by the Fortunately the number of such men is a small one and they must homoopathists and allopathists.

which desperately demands full recognition as true homeconathists. who have fallen into the exploded errors of Mr. Lux, who, during There is still another branch, to be sure a small one, but one

> of highly potentized Calculus hepaticus would have been administered and desired to substitute the formula, equalia equalibus curuntur for disease when very highly potentized will cure the disease itself," a dose course, true to the assertion by them made, "that the product of a one of these new lights have proposed to do in this grave case? Of Hahnemann's day, tried to shed a new light on the Law of Cure, "fatal error" would be threefold: first, to prescribe for a disease, a obtained by provings made with crude or little potentized drugs, come into consideration, though the most successful cures have been we treat individuals, not diseases, with remedies proved under the pathological condition; second, to prescribe an unproved substance; Hahuenann's formula, similia similibus curantur. Now what would the administration of the lower and finally of the thirtieth potencies and that the first great victories of our Healing Art were gained by that our knowledge of the sick-making powers of drugs was first tion increases the curative powers of a drug, it is not to be forgotten made with high potencies; and while it is admitted that potentian Law of the Similars. The posological question does not, a priori, potentized substance to secure a possible cure. As homeopathists, third, to insist upon the necessity of administering a very highly —no matter the varying chemical components of such calculi. This make it "all the same but different;" that Syphilinum, for instance, alters every medicine and each individual centesimal attenuation as to To claim now that the change effected by attenuation is necessary for the higher Homosopathy, that dynamization by attenuation so only an additional evidence of the correctness of Hahnemann's proved itself to be "a fatal error." The case above related is Art and evidently must lead us into Lux's isopathy, which has ride all the fundamental principles of the homeopathic Healing becomes "the most like" to Syphilis in the CM attenuation, is to over

"THE SINGLE REMEDY."

P. P. Weils, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

gical Society of New York." It is notable for its utterances, with S. Searle, and to have been read by him "before the Medico-Chirurathy is a paper which purports to have been written by Dr. W. In the May number of the North American Journal of Honurop-

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